FILED COUNT OF APPEALS DIVISION II

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STATE OF WASHINGTON

DEVISION I

OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

STATE OF WASHINGTON))
Respondent,) No. 45083-6-II
V .) NO. <u>73083-6-11</u>
Joshua D.C. Rhoades (your name)) STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL) GROUNDS FOR REVIEW)
Appellant.)

I, <u>Toshwa O.C. Rhowl</u> have recieved and reviewed the opening brief prepared by my attorney. Summarized below are the additional grounds for review that are not addressed in that brief. I understand the Court will review this Statement of Additional grounds for Review when my appeal is considered on the merits.

Additional Ground 1

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Statement of Additional Grounds

Additional Ground 2
Please see attached
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Additional Ground 3
Please see a Hacked
Pleuse see a Hacked
ADDITIONAL CO KOUNC 9
FICUSE SEE UNACHES
Please See Attachie
Please See Attachi
If there are additional grounds, a brief summary is attached to this
statement.
Date: 1-29-20,4 Signature: Signature

. . 11.

DENIED CONTINUANCE

- 1. Denied continuance at trial confirmation hearing held on April 18, 2013 when my trial attorney, Chris Baum, hadn't even interviewed any witnesses against me, for me, or the alleged victim or conducted any kind of a pre-trial investigation. The Honorable Judge Richard Brosey denied my request for a continuance and instructed my attorney to get the interviews done by trial which was to start on April 24, 2013. That's only three working days for my attorney, Chris Baum, to do the interviews; plus prepare my defense. One of these days he was unavailable because he would be working in another county. No prior continuances had been given; also my speedy trial wasn't due to expire until May 8, 2013. This is all on record in the VRP's for my trial confirmation hearing that was held on April 18, 2013.
- I was denied continuance the morning the trial was to begin on April 24, 2013. As stated above my trial attorney, Chris Baum, hadn't interviewed any witnesses against me, for me or the alleged victim as of trial confirmation (VRP's of trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013.) The Honorable Judge Richard Brosey instructed my attorney, Chris Baum, to get all the interviews done before my trial was to start on April 24, 2013, which was in only three working days. At the start of trial my attorney had only interviewed two people; the alleged victim, Dustin McLean and Co-defendant, turned state witness, Michael Daily. After these two interviews, in order to prepare my defense I needed to interview and call Ashley Huner, who was on the state's witness list. The state agreed she is a material witness but claims they have been looking for Ms. Huner and can't find her. The prosecutor has no evidence of looking for Ms. Huner but claims they went to an old address and had other witnesses looking for her. It's a little too convenient that the state with their resources and investigators are the only ones who didn't know her where about or couldn't locate Ms. Huner. The state had a perfect opportunity to serve Ms. Huner with their subpoena when she was booked into, processed and eventually bailed out of a jail in Eastern Washington but conveniently they failed to do so. I have a constitutional right for the opportunity to present a material witness in my defense so when The Honorable Judge Jim Lawler denied the continuance to do this my constitutional rights were violated. Please note the state didn't make their alleged victim available to interview until after trial confirmation (requested continuance at trial confirmation also VRP's pages 1-13 for hearing held April 18, 2013) and the state also admitted

DENIED CONTINUANCE

Continued

to The Honorable Judge James Lawler that a continuance was inconvenient for the state (VRP's page 11--line 18 for trial held April 28, 2013). The interview with the alleged victim is what determines that I needed Ms. Huner as a witness to prepare my defense. The state has a duty to make their alleged victim available prior to trial confirmation in which they failed to do; The Honorable Judge Richard Brosey had to instruct the prosecutor at trial confirmation to make the alleged victim available(VRP's of trial confirmation held April 18, 2013); therefore causing me to need the continuance to begin with. The Honorable Judge James Lawler had a duty to protect my constitutional rights and violated them when he denied me a continuance. All of this is on the record in the VRP's of the trial --pages 5-13 held on April 24, 2013.

CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO AN IMPARTIAL JURY WAS VIOLATED

- 1. My constitutional right to an impartial jury was violated when The Honorable Judge James Lawler allowed Juror #19 to be part of the jury. In Voir Dire (VRP's (pages 38 & 39). The Honorable Judge Lawler asked the jurors if any one of them is aquatinted with the parties, the attorneys or a potential witness. Juror #19 tells the judge that Officer Angie Humphrey, the main officer investigating me and testifying against me, is their sister and brother-in-law's next door neighbor and that Juror #19 has spent time with Officer Humphrey through that relationship. The Honorable Judge Lawler then asked Juror #19 if anything about their acquaintanceship that would cause Juror #19 to place any more or less weight on her testimony; would it impact Juror #19 in any way? Juror #19 replies "I think it would. I know Officer Humphrey well enough to have an opinion at least about her truthfulness." The Honorable Judge Lawler says all right and asks Juror#19, is this something that they could bring into the mix. You could weigh her testimony just as you would any other witness. Juror #19 then replies "I don't really know." This is all on record in the VRP's of Voir Dire (page 38, line 19 to 25) and (page 39, line 1 to 12). The Honorable Judge Lawler has a duty to protect my constitutional rights and should have dismissed Juror#19 to protect my constitutional right to an impartial jury. A claim that a defendant did not receive a fair trial before an impartial jury raises an issue of constitutional magnitude that may be considered for the first time on appeal under RAP 2.5(A) (3). The right is not waived for an abuse of discretion.
- 2. My constitutional right to an impartial jury was violated when The Honorable Judge Lawler allowed Juror #12 to be a part of the jury. In Voir Dire (VRP's—page 4—lines 14-18). The Honorable Judge Lawler asked the jury if any of them had any personal experience as a victim, as witnesses or as a defendant with a similar or related type of case in which Juror #12 answered yes (this is on record in VRP's of Voir Dire--page 4—lines 14-19). The Honorable Judge Lawler has a duty to protect my constitutional rights and should have dismissed Juror#12 to protect my constitutional right to an impartial jury. A claim that a defendant did not receive a fair trial before an impartial jury raises an issue of constitutional magnitude that may be considered for first time on appeal under RAP 2.5(A)(3). The right is not waived for an abuse of discretion.

INEFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL

- 1. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to interview any witnesses against me, for me, or the alleged victim by trial confirmation. At trial confirmation hearing, held April 18, 2013, The Honorable Judge Richard Brosey denied a continuance to do this and had to instruct my attorney, Mr. Baum to get the interviews done by trial which was in only three working days and one of them Mr. Baum was unavailable because he works in a different county on one of these (VRP's pages 1 to 13 for trial confirmation held April 18, 2013). At the start of trial. Mr. Baum had only interviewed the alleged victim, Dustin McLean, and co-defendant, turned state witness, Michael Daily but no other witnesses for or against me. He did briefly speak with two of the state's witnesses only moments before they took the stand. The witnesses were Caleb Capo and Aurora Contreras. Failing to interview any of these witnesses or the other ones he didn't interview at all to prepare my defense denied me my constitutional right to adequate representation. Mr. Baum's conduct fell way below the standard of a reasonable prudent attorney and cause me prejudice. Mr. Baum failed to conduct any kind of a pretrial investigation as the record obviously shows and not interviewing any witnesses against me, for me, or the alleged victim prior to trial confirmation cannot be looked at by the court a tactical decision. In fact failure to interview witnesses constitutes ineffective assistance of counsel. The courts have ruled this in the past (State vs Vistacion, 55 Wn. app. 166,716 P2d 1986 (1989). My attorney. Mr. Baum is an officer of the court and has a duty to adequately represent me as well as protect my rights. He failed to do this when he failed to conduct any kind of pretrial investigation and failed to interview any witnesses against me, for me, or the alleged victim prior to trial confirmation. This is all on record in e VRP's for trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013 and VRP's for, my trial held April 24th, 25th and 26th 2013.
- 2. Mr. Baum failed to do an opening statement, again showing he didn't have my best interest in hand and didn't adequately prepare for trial which violates my right to effective assistance of counsel. This is all on record in VRP's of trial held April 24th, 25th and 26th 2013.

INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL

Continued

- My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to conduct any kind of a pre-trial investigation, interview or subpoena witnesses. He did not prepare a defense on by behalf violating my Sixth Amendment constitutional right to adequate representation and effective assistance of counsel. Mr. Baum did not investigate facts surrounding my charge or prepare a defense (VRP's for trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013 and trial held April 24th, 25th and 26th2013). He clearly failed to adequately prepare for trial. This is clearly proved when at trial confirmation he hadn't even interviewed any witnesses against me, for me or the alleged victim. Plus he did not even attempt to do so. (VRP's of trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013). He did not retain an investigator to interview any witnesses, track down witnesses or to investigate any statements contained in the police reports (VRP's for trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013). Mr. Baum also failed to obtain an evaluation of forensic evidence. He even tells the jury no DNA was ever tested for on the alleged weapon, plus Mr. Baum failed to obtain our own expert (VRP's for trial held on April 24th, 25th and 26th, 2013). Mr. Baum's actions and performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and his deficient performance prejudiced me as the defendant resulting in an unreliable and fundamentally unfair outcome of the proceedings. This is all n record in the VRP's for the trial confirmation hearing held on April 18, 2013 and VRP's for my trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013.
- 4. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to submit or request a lesser included offense. The state charged me with assault second with a deadly weapon, a class C felony, and did not submit or request a lesser included offense to the jury. Mr. Baum submitted a lesser included offense of assault four, a gross misdemeanor, in which The Honorable Judge James Lawler accepted but Mr. Baum failed to submit or request the lesser included offense of assault 3rd a class C felony. Again Mr. Baum's performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and his deficient performance prejudiced me as the defendant resulting in unreliable and fundamentally unfair outcome of the proceedings. This is all on record in the VRP's for trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013.
- 5. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to adequately represent me and defend me when all throughout the trial in open court to the jury and everyone else there he would refer to me as

INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL

Continued

'Spooker' which is the states alleged gang moniker. I have a sixth amendment right to effective assistance of counsel in all criminal prosecutions and Mr. Baum violated this right when he would refer to me as 'Spooker' providing evidence to the states allegations and elements of gang membership as a part of the state's charge and gang aggravator. An attorney who had my best interest in mind would've only referred to ,me as his client, the defendant, or Mr. Rhoades and not bolster the state's evidence by referring to me as 'Spooker' the states alleged gang moniker (VRP's of trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013). Mr. Baum's' actions cannot be considered as defense strategy by the court. His conduct fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and his deficient performance prejudiced me as the defendant resulting in an unreliable and fundamentally unfair outcome of the proceedings. This is all on record in the VRP's of the trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013).

- 6. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to object to the states accomplice instruction. I was charged with assault in the second degree which read on or about the 31st day of January 2013, in the County of Lewis, State of Washington. The above named defendant did intentionally assault another and there by recklessly inflict substantial bodily harm and/or did intentionally assault another with a deadly weapon contrary to revised code of Washington 9A.36.021(1) (a) and or (c). I was never charged as an accomplice in the case. Mr. Baum's failure to object to the states accomplice instruction failed to provide me with effective assistance of counsel and adequate representation on all elements of crimes charge. This is all on record in the VRP's of trial held on April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013.
- 7. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to have himself removed from representing me when the alleged victim, Dustin McLean, was a witness in another case he was representing, State v Angel Mendoza. This is clearly a conflict of interest and Mr. Baum violated my right to conflict free representation and effective assistance of counsel. Mr. Baum's conduct fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and his deficient performance, prejudiced me as the defendant resulting in an unreliable and fundamentally unfair outcome of the proceedings. Also again proving my best interests was never even considered by him.
- 8. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to adequately represent me during sentencing. He called no witnesses for the sentencing part of my case and barely argued for the low range.

INEFFICTIVEASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL

Continued

Furthermore he did not argue that I <u>didn't</u> have the ability to pay legal financial obligations while incarcerated in DOC. In addition he ask for \$2400.00 in attorney fees when he conducted no kind of pretrial investigation, did not hire a private investigator, or prepare for a trial that would cost that much.

9. My trial attorney, Chris Baum, failed to have him removed from representing me on conflict of interest. Before is termination from The Lewis County Prosecutors, Mr. Baum prosecuted a juvenile, Guadulupe Solis Diaz that was allegedly a member of the same gang in my case. Mr. Diaz received a 92 ½ year sentence. Mr. Baum had been in the news several times giving statements about that conviction and prosecution of alleged members belonging to the gang alleged by the state in my case. Just days before being appointed to represent me, Mr. Baum was again in the news giving statements about the Solis-Diaz sentence, he's so proud of getting it over turned on appeal. Mr. Baum changed offices while he was representing me leaving me no kind of forwarding address or phone number with his old office, the jail, or the court. I wrote the jail kites (see attached) and the court letters for his new contact information but the jail had no new contact information for him+ and the court never responded. I've attached copies of the letters I sent to the court that they never responded to. I got copies of the letters through Public Disclosure. If you look at Mr. Baum's actions in all my ineffective assistance of counsel claims, it's obvious he allowed his past work history as the prosecutor prosecuting alleged members of the gang alleged by the state in my case to interfere with him adequately representing me and violated my right to effective assistance of counsel.

Although I understand I'm not entitled to perfect representation, I am entitled to fair, proper and conflict free representation. Mr. Baum's actions and performance fell way below an objective standard of reasonableness and his deficient performance prejudiced me as the defendant clearly resulting in an unreliable and fundamentally unfair outcome of the proceedings.

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Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:33 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	83608	LEGAL (QUESTIONS	CLOSED	UNFOUNDED
1	05/25/201	3 10:09	RESIDENT		
	FORWARDIN		ANY KIND O	GER IS THE OFFICE OF WILLAMS AND JOHNSON . F CONTACT INFO WITH THEM. DOES THE JAIL OR	
2	05/27/201	3 08:51	SUPER		
	The jail writting	does not hav	ve any new in l inquire of	nformation for Attorney Baum. You can require the court directly.	uest legal
	Officer i	n charge rod	lkey		

additional Ground 3 attachment 2 of 3

5/28/13 morenton

Received & Filed LEWIS COUNTY, WASH Superior Court

MAY 28 2013

Kathy A. Brack, Clerk

Deput

40

additional Ground 3 attachment Received & Filed LEWIS COUNTY, WASH Superior Court JUN 19 2013 Kathy A. Brack, Clerk Deputy 13-1-76: 2 Chris Edward Le 112 1 Boundary in an without godflight and the control of (0.39

PROSECUTORIAL MISCONDUCT

- 1. Lewis County Prosecutor Joely O'Rourke failed to make the alleged victim available for my attorney to interview <u>prior</u> to trial confirmation; therefore not allowing time to prepare a defense, interview other witnesses, subpoena witnesses and prepare for trial which was in only three working days. She only made the alleged victim available to interview after trial was confirmed by The Honorable Judge Brosey. The Honorable Judge Brosey instructed the prosecutor to do so. This is all on record in the V.R.P.'s for trial confirmation hearing held April 18, 2013.
- 2. Lewis County Prosecutor Joely O'Rourke instructed jail officials to suspend my phone use causing me not to be able to call my attorney at critical stages of preparing for trial. Judge Brosey confirmed trial on April 18, 2013 giving my attorney, Chris Baum, only three working days, one of which Mr. Baum would be unavailable as he would be working in another county. No witnesses had been interviewed for me, against me or the alleged victim yet. At the same hearing Ms O'Rourke instructed jail officials to suspend my phone use. From then until way after trial was over I was not allowed to call my attorney. This issue was addressed to The Honorable Judge James Lawler at the start of trial on Wednesday April 24, 2013 in which Ms. O'Rourke denies having jail officials suspend my phone use. Judge Lawler said it's not a matter for the court. (VRP's of trial held on April 24th, 25th, and 26th 2013). The states prosecutor, Ms O'Rourke actions kept me from having contact with my attorney at critical stages of preparing for my trial and prevented me from preparing my defense violating my constitutional right to assistance of counsel. (V.R.P.'s of trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013.) Also see attached documents obtained through public disclosure at the Lewis County Jail.
- 3. Lewis County Prosecutor, Joely O'Rourke failed to disclose that the states witness Aurora Contreras received a plea bargain on a drug charge for her testimony against me; denying me my constitutional right to impeach a prosecution witness with evidence of bias. Ms O'Rourke repeatedly told the jurors over and over that Ms Contreras was testifying on her own and received nothing from her testimony. If you pull her file at the Lewis County Courthouse, under public disclosure, you can see she received drug court on that drug charge. The sate voluntarily withheld this information in order to support their witness's credibility therefore violating my constitutional rights.

PROSECTORAL MISCONDUCT

CONTINUED

Criminal Law 303.30(2) ---Government misconduct need not be of evil or dishonest nature to warrant dismissal in criminal charges in furtherance of justice, simple mismanagement is sufficient (CrR 8.3 (B).

Page 1

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Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:35 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	79229	CLASSI	FICATION	CLOSED	FOUNDED
1	04/20/2013	16:33	RESIDE	NT	
		OT ALLOWED ON WENDSDA		PHONE I NEED TO CALL MY ATTORNEY MONDAY MORNING BEINGS	I
2	04/22/2013	09:32	CLASS		
	I will giv	e the reque	est to t	he supervisor.	

Godernal Ground 4 attackment 2 of 7

RESIDENT GRIEVANCE REPORT

Page 1 of 1

Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:32 OPR JMT A2D2

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	79399	GRIEVAN	CE	CLOSED	FOUNDED
1	04/22/2013	3 10:06	RESIDENT		
				CALL MY ATTORNEY BUT ACCORDING E CALLS. I NEED TO TALK TO MY	
2	04/22/2013	3 21:07	OFFCR		
	Your reque	est was forw	arded to the da	yshift supervisor	
	2300				

additional Grank 4 attachment 3 of 7

RESIDENT GRIEVANCE REPORT

Haskins

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Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:35 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	79741	CLASSIFICATI	CON CLOSED	FOUNDED
1	04/24/2013	3 19:13 RESI	DENT	
	OF MY COUR PROSECUTOR THE JAIL (NO ONE THA	RT TODAY I WAS A RES ORDERS I CAN D CALLED THEM TO DO	DE OR VISITING PRIVLAGES WAS ADDRESSED TO THE JUDGE ADVISED VIA THE FLOOR OFFICER THAT YOU SAID PER NOT MAKE CALLS BUT ACCORDING TO THE PROSECUTOR TO IT. THERE IS NO REASON FOR THIS. I HAVE NOT AND TO. IN FACT THE ONLY PERSON IVE CALLED IS MY GIRLAND THIS IS BS.	THE DAY IN COURT AM NOT CALLING
2	04/25/2013	3 09:02 CLASS	S	
	Mr. Rhoade	es,		
	is doing, advise and I have too	so I have made a d follow up. The many things to	and will not do so. I have no idea what the Prosed copy of your request and will supply it to Lt. Porce is no reason the jail needs to initiate actions do to pick on one inmate. If this issue can be reall like it as it makes my job easier.	ea for his s like this.

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of ·

Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:36 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

: RHOADES, JOSHUA DAVID CHARLES

Grievance #	80121	CLASSI	FICATION	CLOSED	FOUNDED
1	04/28/2013	3 08:19	RESIDENT		
	PHONE AND OFFICE BUT SHE WAS GO DONT OR CA COME OUT E	VISITING R SHE SAID DING TO CAL ANT HAPPEN	ESTRICTIONS SHE WOULD 1 L THE PROSEC INSTANTLY BU R OUT AT 10	CUTOR AFTER MY TRIAL AND SHE AGAIN SAID ON ME SO IT MUST OF BEEN SOMEONE ELSE IDEAL WITH IT. I ALSO SPOKE WITH SGT MCCONCUTORS OFFICE TO SEE GET IT TAKEN OFF. I JT CAN YOU TRY TO GET THIS BLOCK TAKEN OFF AM MONDAY. I HAVENT BEE ABLE TO TALK TO KYOU. MR. RHOADES	N THE PROSECUTORS ABOUT THIS AND UNDERTAND THING OFF BY THE TIME I
2	04/29/2013 I will see		CLASS		

Haskins

additional Ground 4 oftachment 5 of 7

Jack Haskins

From:

Joely O'Rourke

Sent:

Thursday, May 02, 2013 10:20 AM

То:

Jack Haskins

Subject:

RE: Josh Rhoades

Please hold his calls and visitors. He has been intimidating witnesses and is known to call his gang members to start threatening witnesses. I was especially hoping this would happen after the verdict, as Mr. Rhoades was clearly upset and immediately wanted his calls turned back on. His girlfriend was in court for the verdict. Once he goes to DOC then they can deal with the issue of phone calls. Thank you.

Joely O'Rourke Deputy Prosecuting Attorney 345 W. Main Street Chehalis, WA 98532 (360) 740-1240 (360) 740-1497 fax

From: Jack Haskins

Sent: Thursday, May 02, 2013 9:26 AM

To: Joely O'Rourke **Subject:** Josh Rhoades

Joely,

Recently I was told by one of our Transport Officers that you requested I suspend Rhoades phone and visitation privilege as he was intimidating and or bullying his victim/witnesses in his case. With his trial over, can he now call and visit people.

Note: I have let him call his wife/girlfriend, when the verdict came down.

Jack Haskins Classification Officer Lewis County Jail 740-2790



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Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:37 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	81009	CLAS	SSIFICATION				CLO	SED			FOUNDED
1	05/05/2013		RESIDENT		GETTING	ΜV	ÉTIT T	DHONE	HQF	AND VISITING BACK	
2	05/06/2013		CLASS	ON ME	GETTING	rii	1011	FIIONE	035	AND VISITING BACK	
			nt you won't to prison.	like	it. She	doe	s not	want	you	to have a phone of v	isit
	Haskins										

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Lewis County Jail 06/27/2013 12:39 OPR JMT

NAME NUMBER

: 15985

Resident Name

Grievance #	81247	CLASSIFICATION	CLOSED	FOUNDED
1	05/07/2013	3 11:32 RESIDENT		
		CAN FILE A MOTION WITH T	THIS . WHAT PROSECUTOR? AND GIVE ME A COUNT. TAKE THE NECCESARY FUNDS OFF MY	
2	05/09/2013	3 15:37 CLASS		
	This has h	been referred to the Adm	inistration for reply.	
	Haskins			

Detective Patrick Fitzgerald testimony as an "expert" in street gangs was improper. His testimony that strayed beyond the generic testimony on street gangs was improper. His testimony about specific non-gang alleged tattoos I, the defendant have was improper.

- 1. I would first like to challenge Detective Fitzgeralds testimony as the states so called expert in the area of street gangs. The states prosecutor, Joely O'Rourke asked The Honorable Judge James Lawler to deem Detective Fitzgerald an expert in the area of street gangs in which my attorney, Chris Baum, objected. The Honorable Judge Lawler goes on to tell Ms. O'Rourke you can just ask the witness your questions. I'm not going to make that ruling (VRP's of trial held April 24th, 25th, and 26th, 2013; Page 334 Lines 1-7). From that point on all testimony by Detective Fitzgerald was improper and shouldn't have been allowed. This violated my constitutional rights.
- 2. Detective Fitzgerald's purported expertise narrows from street gangs to me (the defendant) in particular and from gang tattoo's in general to specific non-gang related tattoos, allegedly I have. His testimony strayed way beyond the generic testimony on street gangs that was allowed by The Honorable Judge Brosey in a prior hearing and crossed the line of being a so called expert on street gangs to an expert on me, the defendant. In many cases appeals courts have described how and why testimony such as Detective Fitzgerald is improper. In such instances it's a little to convenient that the state had found an individual, who is allegedly an expert on those facts, the state must show to get the gang aggravator verdict. Even more so when that expert happens to be one of the state's own investigators. The state cannot satisfy its burden of proof by taking the easy route of calling a so called expert in street gangs whose expertise happen to be me, the defendant. Also Detective Fitzgerald's testimony regarding my alleged gang membership was introduced to prove an element of the crime and invaded the province of the jury. It is improper to admit gang evidence in order to establish an element of the crime. This all violated my constitutional rights.